## Phoenix Experiences Record Heat to Start September

By Don Sutherland
Phoenix experienced its hottest summer on record. Following that, it experienced one of its warmest first weeks of September on record. With climate change, the intense heat of increasingly hot summers is lingering longer. Summer is now stretching into the opening week of September.

## September 1-7, 2020 Summary:

Average high temperature: $108.9^{\circ}$ (tied 2nd highest)
Average low temperature: $85.9^{\circ}$ (6th highest)
Average temperature: $97.4^{\circ}$ (tied 2nd highest)
Since 1980, the 30-year moving average mean temperature for the first week of September has increased $4.3^{\circ}$. The summer mean temperature has increased a similar $4.0^{\circ}$.

Table 1: Average Summer and September 1-7 Temperatures (30-Year Moving Average)

| $30-Y e a r$ <br> Period <br> Ending | Summer Mean <br> Temperature | September <br> 1-7 Mean <br> Temperature |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1950 | $88.9^{\circ}$ | $87.9^{\circ}$ |
| 1960 | $89.1^{\circ}$ | $88.8^{\circ}$ |
| 1970 | $88.6^{\circ}$ | $87.8^{\circ}$ |
| 1980 | $89.7^{\circ}$ | $88.1^{\circ}$ |
| 1990 | $91.0^{\circ}$ | $89.1^{\circ}$ |
| 2000 | $92.2^{\circ}$ | $90.6^{\circ}$ |
| 2010 | $93.1^{\circ}$ | $91.6^{\circ}$ |
| 2020 | $93.7^{\circ}$ | $92.4^{\circ}$ |

September 1-7, 1928 was the first case during which the mean temperature reached $90^{\circ}\left(90.0^{\circ}\right)$. By 1995, the mean temperature (30-year moving average) reached $90^{\circ}$ for the first time $\left(90.1^{\circ}\right.$ ). September 1-7, 2006, with a mean temperature of $88.7^{\circ}$, was the last case during which the mean temperature was less than $90^{\circ}$ during the first week of September. The first week of September is now as warm as the typical summer was during the 1971-2000 period.

Average low temperatures now come to $80^{\circ}$ or above. The last time the first week of September saw a weekly mean temperature below $80^{\circ}$ was 2009 when the average temperature was $79.6^{\circ}$. The average number of days on which the high temperature reached $100^{\circ}$ or above and $105^{\circ}$ or above has also increased in recent years.

Table 2: September 1-7 Select Data (30-Year Moving Average)

| $30-Y e a r$ <br> Period <br> Ending | Mean <br> Temperature | High <br> Temperature | Low <br> Temperature | Days $100^{\circ}$ <br> or above | Days 105 $^{\circ}$ <br> or above |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1950 | $87.9^{\circ}$ | $101.5^{\circ}$ | $74.3^{\circ}$ | 4.7 | 2.0 |
| 1960 | $88.8^{\circ}$ | $102.5^{\circ}$ | $75.0^{\circ}$ | 5.3 | 2.4 |
| 1970 | $87.8^{\circ}$ | $101.6^{\circ}$ | $74.0^{\circ}$ | 4.9 | 1.9 |
| 1980 | $88.1^{\circ}$ | $101.2^{\circ}$ | $75.1^{\circ}$ | 4.8 | 1.8 |
| 1990 | $89.1^{\circ}$ | $101.3^{\circ}$ | $76.9^{\circ}$ | 4.9 | 2.1 |
| 2000 | $90.6^{\circ}$ | $102.2^{\circ}$ | $79.0^{\circ}$ | 5.3 | 2.5 |
| 2010 | $91.6^{\circ}$ | $102.8^{\circ}$ | $80.3^{\circ}$ | 5.4 | 2.9 |
| 2020 | $92.4^{\circ}$ | $103.3^{\circ}$ | $81.6^{\circ}$ | 5.6 | 3.1 |

Since recordkeeping began in 1895 , Phoenix has had 11 cases during which the mean temperature was $95.0^{\circ}$ or above during the first week of September. Eight (73\%) of those cases occurred during 2000 or later. Six ( $55 \%$ ) of those cases occurred during 2010 or later.

September 4-6, 2020 was the hottest three-day period on record in September:
Mean Temperature: $100.5^{\circ}$ (highest on record)
Mean High Temperature: $114.0^{\circ}$ (highest on record)
Mean Low Temperature: $88.7^{\circ}$ (2nd highest on record; record: $89.3^{\circ}$, September 5-7, 2019)
Table 3: Record High Maximum Temperatures

| Date | Temperature | Prior Record |
| :--- | :---: | :--- |
| September 4 | $114^{\circ}$ | $112^{\circ}, 1945$ and 2019 |
| September 5 | $115^{\circ}$ | $113^{\circ}, 1945$ |
| September 6 | $113^{\circ}$ | $111^{\circ}, 1986$ and 2013 |

Table 4: Record High Minimum Temperature

| Date | Temperature | Prior Record |
| :--- | :---: | :--- |
| September 6 | $89^{\circ}$ | 2013 and 2019 |

Just as summer 2020 provided a foretaste of the kind of summers that are expected to become routine by 2050 on account of climate change, the first week of September 2020 offered a glimpse into the future of the staying power of summer's most intense heat under the evolving climate regime.

